

WAR AGAIN GETS HOT END

Telephone Matter Before Investigating Committee.

TWO WITNESSES EXAMINED

President of Richmond Company Says King Offered to Break Tie for \$1,600—Testimony as to Suppers and Trips to N. Y.

The Municipal Committee of Investigation held a session last night and took the matter of the granting of telephone franchises by the Council. But two witnesses were examined, they having been President John C. Robertson and Vice-President Warner Moore, of the old Richmond Telephone Company. When these witnesses had been examined, the body arose to meet again on Friday night, when the investigation will be continued on the same line.

There was nothing really sensational in the testimony last night, and like the first one held, the trend of the evidence was to show that John M. King had been the spokesman for the winning company.

City Attorney Pollard read from the minutes of the Street Committee, and they showed that there was usually a division on the granting of telephone franchises, and that Messrs. Allen, Woody, Peters and Burton voted one way and Messrs. King, Pollock, Gibson, Bahen, Whitte, Mills, Mosby and Glenn the other.

Mr. Robertson corroborated this and spoke of trips to New York and suppers at Rueger's at the expense of the Bell Company. It is understood that practically all the testimony taken last night came out at the recent grand jury investigation.

WAR RATHER TAME.
The committee was called to order at 8:35 o'clock by Chairman Minor, and seven of the nine members answered to their names. Mr. Spence came in later on, leaving Mr. Hargrove as the only absentee.

General Anderson moved that the committee go into the investigation of the matter of the granting of telephone franchises, and City Attorney Pollard read from the minutes of the Street Committee on the subject.

There showing that when the application of the Bell company was made, Mr. J. M. King moved that it be laid upon the table, which motion prevailed.

Mr. Pollard read a letter from himself as City Attorney, asking that the matter go over until the litigation in the Federal courts should be settled, and he proceeded to read at great length, but nothing developed of striking moment, save that Mr. John M. King seemed to have had his eye on the situation, and made many motions to delay until matters could be "looked into."

It was further shown that later on it was on Mr. King's motion that the matter was taken from the table, and that he showed that upon the whole matter relating to the telephone franchises Messrs. Allen, Peters, Woody and Burton voted together, and the other eight members, Messrs. Whitte, Glenn, Pollock, King, Mills, Bahen, Mosby and Glenn, voted against.

MR. ROBERTSON TESTIFIES.
The reading of the Street Committee's minutes did not develop anything startling, and Mr. John C. Robertson, former president of the Richmond Telephone Company, took the stand.

Mr. Robertson said he had attended all the Street Committee meetings during the telephone fight, and had sought to defeat the Bell ordinance. He was led to believe that the Bell company was to get through its ordinance regardless of means.

From lobbying he saw going on in town and the votes in the committee he formed this conclusion. He thought the people who voted with the Bell company had usually been taken to Rueger's to supper after the committee meetings. He said those who voted with the Bell Company always went. The others did not.

Mr. Pollard was questioning Mr. Robertson, and now Chairman Minor took the witness in hand. Several local politicians had been prominent lobbyists for the Bell Company. He did not know this, however, of his own knowledge. He knew they were working for the Bell Company, though none of them had ever proached witness.

Mr. Robertson said that General Moore or Colonel Hunt Chiepy had usually taken the Bell followers to Rueger's after each Street Committee meeting when the franchise matter was up. There were four members who started with them, Messrs. Allen, Burton, Peters and Woody. He thought the other eight usually went. He had heard that several trips were taken to New York by certain members of the committee at the expense of the Bell Company.

CHANGE OF FRONT.
One member of the Council who had gone to New York with a Bell party had changed front and voted for the ordinance, though before leaving he was a great anti-Bell advocate.

The Chair refrained from asking witness this question.

In answer to a question by Captain Hall, he said he had understood that either General Meany, Colonel Chiepy, or Mr. Fairfax Montague was in charge of the Richmond Telephone Company, was now sworn, and questioned by Mr. Pollard.

He had watched the course of the fight between the two companies and swore he had seen King's note to Mr. Robertson asking the latter to call a few other questions which brought out nothing of interest. Mr. Moore was excused and the committee arose to sit again on Friday night at 8:30 o'clock. It is understood that the Bell company will be put upon the stand.

TO REMOVE THE SOLDIERS GRADUALLY

(Continued From First Page.)

It is possible that none will be for the present. But the size of these companies, or many of them, is being reduced. In this way, it is really amounting to the same thing. Eight or ten men from each company are granted leave of absence on furlough, and are then permitted to return to their homes. While they are nominally still in harness, they are not expected to have to come back. The instruction given to one of these men who was starting for the train was, "Report to your company, if it is at home, or to your captain, if it is still here. Expect to be ordered to move in a matter of town inside of forty-eight hours." In this way a number of the men of several companies have gotten away. This is particularly the case with the Norfolk and Newport News troops, and the Light Infantry, arrived at home yesterday morning, and a detachment from Company C, Huntington Rifles, is expected there to-day. Reports from the field are to the effect that the bulk of the force will be at home before the end of the week.

The great majority of the men are still here, of course, but they are taking things easily now. With the solitary strike of Manchester, no more serious trouble has been. On the streets of Richmond there are no soldiers on duty at all. For instance, at the P Street sheds at one time last night Major Martin himself was the only man there and he reported "all well." He did not know when he and his men would go home, but he expected that the evacuation would begin very soon. Throughout the day the cars were run again without guards and with gratifying success.

Extreme quiet was reported at the army camp at the old Anderson's still keeping a close watch on the situation, and though the men are relieved of duty, he has them so arranged that they can be called to arms at a moment's notice. On the whole the chief event of the night was the quietness of the situation. In military circles the night was quiet. In the afternoon, when three battalions under Lieutenant-Colonel Vaughan marched to the field music.

Practically No Excitement.
There was, of course, during yesterday, as was to be anticipated, a thing or two now and then which reminded the people that the city was in a state of upheaval. Several minor disturbances occurred, but at no time so far as could be gathered was there disorder of a serious sort.

In Richmond things were unusually quiet. On the River View line, which opened yesterday for the first time, there was no excitement, but such as to amount to anything much. On the Seventeenth Street line a fusillade of scrap iron met one of the cars and struck both motorman and conductor, each of whom was thrown to the ground. The car was refused to go back again. The car was taken off and sent to the sheds, but was afterwards put back on the line again. It is reported that the motorman was injured, but not seriously.

There was a shooting at the intersection of the military and the shooting of Taylor as "the Manchester murder."

But apart from these things, comparatively trifling, all was well. Seven Pines has been quiet, and the East End headquarters reported things extremely quiet in that quarter. Such was also the report given out from the Reservoir. At Colonel Anderson's office the same thing was reported for the night at large.

In Manchester also a seemingly and gratifying quiet prevailed. Soldiers are still on guard there and are prepared for trouble if it should come, but none is expected. Every day the military is ordered to thrower appears, but he does not much hurt. The man with the cane and the torpedo also is still operating, but he is harmless. No one has been hurt, and no one has been killed. The man with the cane and the torpedo also is still operating, but he is harmless. No one has been hurt, and no one has been killed.

The Two Sides.
So far as the strike itself is concerned, which complication has been relegated to a secondary position since the disorder began there are not many developments. The strikers met last night as usual and heard several speeches and received some further contributions. The men are still standing firm, and there is no chance of their giving up the strike. The men who went what they want. Many of the men have gone to their homes in the country, where they will remain until the strike is settled. Numbers of these have taken their wives and families with them. President Griggs was seen just before the meeting, but had nothing to say. The situation, he declared, remained unchanged. On the night train last night, the company declares that things are going its way, and if there is no chance of settlement from the strikers' side there is still less of it here. The company is not making applications for the return of employees as it will consider any other applications; further than this it will not go. All told, it has about four hundred men at work now. Of these over two hundred are strike-breakers. The others are regular employees. At regular intervals there were 157 of these permanent men on the books yesterday, and during the day about thirty others were added. Applications are constantly coming in, and the ranks are being steadily filled. Some of the applicants are in soldiers themselves and a number of them have been accepted to go to work as soon as they are relieved from duty.

No new lines will be opened to-day. River View was started yesterday, but it is running with good success. The Oregon Hill loop is still unopened, and the Broad Main-Eighteenth-Twenty-fifth Street line is not running. A straight line is being run down Broad Street to the Reservoir. This line is practically covered. Many people are riding, and the patronage is said by the company to be constantly on the increase.

THROWING OF ROCKS
Nothing Else Broke the Monotony of the Night in Manchester.

Manchester was quite quiet last night, and with the exception of intermittent rock throwing, a few torpedoes and some jeering, nothing of a sensational character arose.

At one or two points there were crowds of more than ordinary size, and it was rumored that two of the Hull Street cars had been picked out to be stoned. This rumor, however, was not substantiated. The rumor of the Howitzers, through the scouts, and other precautionary measures were enforced. There was no serious rocking, however.

Many citizens are still sore over the sending of military to Manchester. They contend that there is not now, nor has there ever been, any reason for the presence of military in the city. They say that so far as to say that even the little disorder that has arisen was occasioned by the presence of the soldiers.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and Union Pacific Line

from Chicago, May 12 to 18 and August 1 to 14. To San Francisco and Los Angeles via the

Tickets good on The Overland Limited and two other fast trains from Chicago to San Francisco daily. A postal card will bring complete information.

GEO. J. LINCOLN, Commercial Agent, 818 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

No sentries were out in the city last night, nor were there any of the soldiers on duty on any of the cars.

The Howitzers were stationed at Seventh and Perry Streets, and were there again last night by request of Chief of Police Lipscomb, who said that if any soldiers were placed at that station he would have them shot.

From this station, Captain Joseph Johnson, who is very small and very stout, was brought down from the Police Court of Richmond. It is charged that the boys tried to wreck a car by disarranging the switch by pulling it back and tying it with wire. They were arrested by soldiers.

Two small negro boys were locked up in jail yesterday charged with obstructing the track of the Seven Pines Railroad. They are Paul Smith and Joseph Johnson, who are very small and very stout.

There were no incidents worth reporting on this line, save the irregular sound of rocks as they were thrown at cars in the neighborhood of Twelfth and Perry Streets.

Hull Street was comparatively quiet from Seventh Street to Swanboro. No soldiers were stationed there, but a few were on duty at the end of the line. The car was taken off and sent to the sheds, but was afterwards put back on the line again.

The soldiers and the police worked well together, and had there lurked the spirit of violence in any place, it continued to lurk, for it did not grow apparent, and the general impression among the citizens is that the police themselves can cope with whatever lawless element may hereafter develop. Few people believe there will be any lawlessness, even when the soldiers are withdrawn entirely for the day. The element that might have done mischief on the start has been completely baffled.

At midnight, the Howitzers, with the exception of a small detail, returned to the barracks, while the Howitzers at the barracks put in the night at that place, and the city resumed its wonted quietude.

TAYLOR'S DEATH
Coroner Brodnax to Inquire into the Case on Friday.

When the inquiry into the death of Luther Taylor is made by Coroner Brodnax, on Friday morning, a large number of witnesses will be examined.

It was stated last night that the contributions to be taken in connection with the funeral of Taylor will be in the relief of the family of the dead man, and not to pay for counsel in prosecuting the military for doing the shooting. The places at which such contributions may be left are W. W. Friend's, J. C. Snell's, W. W. Friend's, J. C. Snell's, W. W. Friend's, J. C. Snell's.

MR. TONEY'S STATEMENT
Says the Soldiers Did Not Treat Him Right.

The case of Mr. D. L. Toney will come up before Mayor Maurice Friday morning. Toney was arrested in the order of Captain Craighead for the charge of refusing to move when ordered to do so.

Mr. Toney said last night that the papers had said that he was arrested for disorderly conduct.

"I was standing within five feet of my store door, when I was ordered to move by a soldier," he said, "and I refused to do so. I had no rights. He said that I would have to move, and then I told him I would not do so. Then I was arrested, and about twenty soldiers gathered around me. They started to take me to the Second Police Station in Richmond, when the suggestion was made that I be carried to the Manchester station."

but have always urged the people to keep cool, and to be orderly, and to stop riding on the cars. I told them that was the only way to win the fight."

IN THE COUNTY
Angle-Guignon Case Again Postponed. Two Negro Boys in Jail.

By mutual agreement of counsel the Angle-Guignon case in Henrico has been postponed again. It was to be tried yesterday at noon before Judge Lewis, but when the time set for it was reached, the case was postponed to a later date.

Two small negro boys were locked up in jail yesterday charged with obstructing the track of the Seven Pines Railroad. They are Paul Smith and Joseph Johnson, who are very small and very stout.

There were no incidents worth reporting on this line, save the irregular sound of rocks as they were thrown at cars in the neighborhood of Twelfth and Perry Streets.

Hull Street was comparatively quiet from Seventh Street to Swanboro. No soldiers were stationed there, but a few were on duty at the end of the line. The car was taken off and sent to the sheds, but was afterwards put back on the line again.

The soldiers and the police worked well together, and had there lurked the spirit of violence in any place, it continued to lurk, for it did not grow apparent, and the general impression among the citizens is that the police themselves can cope with whatever lawless element may hereafter develop. Few people believe there will be any lawlessness, even when the soldiers are withdrawn entirely for the day. The element that might have done mischief on the start has been completely baffled.

At midnight, the Howitzers, with the exception of a small detail, returned to the barracks, while the Howitzers at the barracks put in the night at that place, and the city resumed its wonted quietude.

TAYLOR'S DEATH
Coroner Brodnax to Inquire into the Case on Friday.

When the inquiry into the death of Luther Taylor is made by Coroner Brodnax, on Friday morning, a large number of witnesses will be examined.

It was stated last night that the contributions to be taken in connection with the funeral of Taylor will be in the relief of the family of the dead man, and not to pay for counsel in prosecuting the military for doing the shooting. The places at which such contributions may be left are W. W. Friend's, J. C. Snell's, W. W. Friend's, J. C. Snell's, W. W. Friend's, J. C. Snell's.

MR. TONEY'S STATEMENT
Says the Soldiers Did Not Treat Him Right.

The case of Mr. D. L. Toney will come up before Mayor Maurice Friday morning. Toney was arrested in the order of Captain Craighead for the charge of refusing to move when ordered to do so.

Mr. Toney said last night that the papers had said that he was arrested for disorderly conduct.

"I was standing within five feet of my store door, when I was ordered to move by a soldier," he said, "and I refused to do so. I had no rights. He said that I would have to move, and then I told him I would not do so. Then I was arrested, and about twenty soldiers gathered around me. They started to take me to the Second Police Station in Richmond, when the suggestion was made that I be carried to the Manchester station."

occur on the stone fruits; yet they are among those which can be controlled with the greatest certainty if prompt measures are taken.

It is intended under the provisions of this act to give still more careful attention to the control of fungus diseases and insect pests on nursery stock. The particular troubles to be most feared at the present time on nursery stock are the crown gall of apple, and the San Jose scale. The board desires to arouse the most earnest interest on the part of purchasers of nursery stock to the end that they may be induced to watch for these troubles and furnish the State entomologist information that may lead to the detection of all diseased or infested stock sold in this State.

While in no wise wishing to restrict the sale of proper nursery stock in this State by nurserymen located in other States, the board will endeavor to enforce the stringent provisions of this law fairly and equitably so as to protect the people from diseased nursery stock, and will endeavor at all times to secure accurate information in regard to the condition of nursery stock shipped into this State.

It will be the policy of the board to assist and encourage experimental study of remedies for the troubles specified in section 2 of the regulations, and to this end it wishes to secure co-operation on the part of individuals in various parts of the State.

An effort will be made to publish both popular and technical information under the authority of the board, of such character as to acquaint every interested individual with the nature and appearance of the insect pests and plant diseases dealt with under the law, and the best means of combating the same.

The operations of the crop pest law will be limited to those insect pests and plant diseases specifically specified from time to time by the board. Correspondence in relation to these subjects should be addressed to the State Entomologist, Blacksburg, Va.

MURDERER PUT TO DEATH WITHOUT FORM OF TRIAL
(By Associated Press.)

VICKSBURG, MISS., July 7.—Garrett the negro who stabbed Harry Stout to death last Saturday morning, was hanged by a mob near the scene of his crime this afternoon. Garrett was taken to Natchez Saturday, Sheriff Brennan fearing an assault on the jail here. This morning a special grand jury found a true bill against Garrett and Sheriff Brennan notified the county sheriff to bring the negro to this city. Deputy Sheriff Simon Solomon is to all appearances smiling and happy as ever. He is not disposed to go into any elaborate discussion of the papers recently served on him, but he is, nevertheless, willing to say that he experiences no alarm at the prospect before him. He feels confident that he will be able to vindicate himself before the court.

OBITUARY.
Richard F. Archer.

The death of Mr. Richard F. Archer occurred yesterday at his home, Malvern, in Foxhaven county, at the age of 62. He was a brother of Messrs. Branch T. and E. M. Archer, of Lynchburg, Va. He was a native of New York. He leaves his widow, who was a Miss Moseley, a sister of Dr. E. J. Moseley, of this city, and two children.

Funeral Services.
The funeral of Mr. Daniel H. Alley, Sr., took place at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon from the Denny-Street Methodist Church.

The funeral of Mrs. Sarah Q. Taylor will take place at 5 o'clock this afternoon from the Church of the Covenant.

The funeral of Mrs. Mary J. Tignor, will take place at 5 o'clock this afternoon from the Church of the Covenant.

REPORT OF CROP PEST COMMISSION
A circular letter has been sent out to the farmers of the State by J. L. Phillips, State Entomologist, calling attention to the act of Assembly regarding the State crop pest commission and the regulations adopted by the commission.

The act passed seven years ago, but it carried no appropriation, but conferred certain powers upon the Board of Control of the Agricultural Experiment Station permitting them to make some investigation into this trouble and also to make arrangements for checking its spread. The partial investigations made revealed such a serious danger to the fruit interests that two years later an amended act was passed establishing the commission with larger powers and amending the act of 1907.

Under this legislation \$2,000 per annum was provided for a limited time. At the recent session of the General Assembly the law was still further amended, and \$5,000 per annum was appropriated.

The new law provides for the payment of a list of insect pests; regulation and sale of nursery stock; inspection of nursery stock; enforcement of the act by the courts imposes penalties for selling or giving away uninfested plants, etc. It also authorizes the appointment of local inspectors by Boards of Supervisors or City Councils.

Nurserymen and their sales agents wishing to do business in Virginia must register with the Auditor of Public Accounts, and receive a certificate at a cost of 25c. All such certificates will be a substitute for the provisions of the State Entomologist. A penalty is imposed upon whoever sells without a certificate.

The aforementioned circular letter sent out from Blacksburg by State Entomologist Phillips contains the foregoing facts; also, the acts of Assembly in extenso, the rules and regulations of the board, list of insect pests and plant diseases, etc. This publication of the board (copies of which may be obtained free upon application) closes with the following outline of the policy of the board, which may be used to enforce the provisions of the law and guard the very important interests concerned therein:

It is intended to furnish promptly to all city and county authorities, and also to interested individuals, residents of the several counties and cities of the State, such information as will enable them to act in regard to the suppression of the San Jose scale if they see it. The board, however, expressly desires that local action shall not be taken at the instance of the responsible freeholders who are also fruit growers. The stringent provisions of this act in relation to the San Jose scale can only be enforced properly with the support of the community, and it is the earnest desire of the board to so enforce the law as to have further injury to the great fruit interests, and to this end they bespeak hearty co-operation on the part of interested communities. It is the board's desire to call attention to the enforcement of the law against peach yellows and black knot. These are two of the most easily communicable and certainly fatal fungus diseases known to

wife of John Wesley Tignor took place from No. 207 Pleasant Street at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The funeral of Mrs. Nellie Hargrove took place from the Highland Park Methodist Church at 5 o'clock yesterday.

The funeral of Mr. George W. Hubbard took place from No. 1118 North Twenty-sixth Street at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

A Double Funeral.
The funeral of Mrs. Lee S. Christian and infant, wife and child of Mr. F. Raymond Christian, who died in Providence, Rhode Island, and was taken to this city at 6 o'clock this afternoon from Broad Memorial Church. The interment will be made in Oakwood.

George L. French.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

BRISTOL, VA., July 7.—Mr. Geo. L. French, a well-known and highly esteemed citizen, died at his home near Bristol, Va., at 10:30 o'clock, at the age of seventy-three years. He was a good man and had been for many years a member of the Baptist Church, where he did much for the cause he loved. He leaves a wife, one son, J. L. French, and two daughters, Mrs. Gibson, wife of Dr. Gibson, of Salt Lake City, Utah, and Mrs. Nannie Bennett, of Fayetteville, Ark. He was a brave soldier in the late Civil War he was an honored member. He was a member of Company B, of the Fourth Virginia Cavalry, and served four years. He was a brave scout, but so prudent that he was never captured. He was always loyal to the South, brave, genial and fearless in the face of danger. He will be missed from the old soldiers' reunions and missed in his home by his wife, son and daughters. The funeral will be held at 10 o'clock this afternoon at the church conducted by Rev. T. W. Newman at Zoar Church. His remains were laid to rest in the cemetery at Zoar Church. The immense congregation that attended his funeral attested the high esteem in which he was held by his friends. He was a faithful member of the Baptist Church, and the funeral yesterday held at his home was conducted by his pastor, Rev. T. W. Newman. A large number of friends attended.

James Churchill Noland.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

HELVETIA, VA., July 7.—James Churchill Noland, who was born in Albany, N. Y., and died at his home here at 10 o'clock yesterday afternoon, was a prominent member of the Baptist Church, and the funeral yesterday held at his home was conducted by his pastor, Rev. T. W. Newman. A large number of friends attended.

W. C. Webb.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

BLACKSTONE, VA., July 7.—Mr. Wm. Webb, who was born in this city at 10 o'clock this morning in the fourth year of his age, after an illness of a few days, died at his home here at 10 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He was a native of this city, and a friend of all since being here. The remains will be taken to Boynton to-morrow morning for interment. He was a member of the Baptist Church, and was engaged in the mercantile business.

Robert Bruce Douglas.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

PROVIDENCE FORGE, VA., July 7.—Mr. Robert Bruce Douglas died Saturday, July 7, at Kameo, the country home of his father, at 10 o'clock, after an illness of several months. He was a native of this city, and a friend of all since being here. The remains will be taken to Boynton to-morrow morning for interment. He was a member of the Baptist Church, and was engaged in the mercantile business.

John A. Lee Dye.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WYTHEVILLE, VA., July 7.—John A. Lee Dye, a well-known farmer of this city, died at his home here at 10 o'clock this morning. He was a native of this city, and a friend of all since being here. The remains will be taken to Boynton to-morrow morning for interment. He was a member of the Baptist Church, and was engaged in the mercantile business.

Mrs. Kiddy Grimes.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NORFOLK, VA., July 7.—Mrs. Kiddy Grimes, one of the oldest residents of this city, died at her home here at 10 o'clock this morning. She was a native of this city, and a friend of all since being here. The remains will be taken to Boynton to-morrow morning for interment. She was a member of the Baptist Church, and was engaged in the mercantile business.

DEATHS.
ARCHER.—Died, Tuesday morning, at 5 o'clock, at his residence, "Malvern," Foxhaven county, Mr. RICHARD F. ARCHER, in the sixty-second year of his age. Funeral from Manilla Church To-DAY (Wednesday) at 12 o'clock.

CHRISTIAN.—Died, at home, in Providence, Rhode Island, the residence of her husband, No. 1606 Park Avenue, SARA QUEE, wife of Charles Q. Taylor. Funeral from the Church of the Covenant, Harrison Street and Park Avenue, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON at 5 o'clock.

CATLETT.—Died, Monday morning, at his residence, Three Square, Goodland county, VA., JOHN L. CATLETT, in the fifty-second year of his age. Funeral from the church at 10 o'clock. Interment took place in the family burying-ground in Goodland TUESDAY, July 7th.

GORDON.—Died, in Lynchburg, VA., July 7th, WILLIAM S. CLAIR, infant daughter of Dr. William S. Clair, and wife of Dr. Clair, who was taken to the hospital in the morning. Funeral from the church at 10 o'clock.

TAYLOR.—Entered into her rest, at 7:30 o'clock on the day of her death, the residence of her husband, No. 1606 Park Avenue, SARA QUEE, wife of Charles Q. Taylor. Funeral from the Church of the Covenant, Harrison Street and Park Avenue, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON at 5 o'clock.

AUCTION SALES—THIS DAY.

By Edward S. Rose Company, Real Estate Auctioneers.
TURBETTS AUCTION SALE FIVE DETACHED FRAME DWELLINGS IN "FAIRMOUNT," AND DESIGNATED AS NOS. 146, 148, 149, 150, 151 AND 152 NORTH TWENTY-FIFTH STREET.
By virtue of a certain deed of trust, dated May 1, 1933, in and to the effect of which the Honorable Circuit Court of D. C. 154 B, page 42, default having been made in the payment of the debt thereby secured, and being required by the beneficiary so to do, I will sell by auction, upon the premises, the following:

WEDNESDAY, JULY 8TH, 1933.
At 6 o'clock P. M., the property numbered 146, 148, 149, 150, 151 and 152, situated in the thriving annex.
TERMS—Cash.
—EDWARD S. ROSE, Trustee.

By the Valentine Auction Co., 612 East Broad Street.
REFRIGERATORS, ICE-BOXES, BICYCLES, GLASSWARE, CHINA, COOK STOVE, IRON BEDS, CHAMBER SUITS, PARLOR SUITS, ETC., AT AUCTION.

THIS (Wednesday) MORNING, JULY 8th, we will sell at our auction were of the following: 100 cases of Refrigerators and Ice-Boxes, Quartered Oak Chamber Suits, Glassware, Bowls and Pitchers, High Topper Office Desk, good Cook Stove and Utensils, large lot of Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Bowls, Plates, Pitchers, Glassware, Bowls and Pitchers, good Parlor Suit, Chairs, Rockers, 4 Bureaus and Washstands, Dining Table, Oak Sidesboard, Pictures, Lady's Parlor Desk, Mattings, Couches, Bicycles, etc.
—THE VALENTINE AUCTION CO.

AUCTION SALES—FUTURE DATES.
Wm. B. Pizzini Co., Tenth and Bank Streets.

AUCTION SALE OF That Desirable Brick Dwelling No. 1420 Floyd Ave., consisting of a modern 8-room Brick Dwelling, in nice order throughout, ready to move in. Sale Thursday, July 9, 1933, at 6:30 P. M. Terms—Very liberal and announced at sale.

Geo. W. Mayo, Auctioneer.

By virtue of a decree entered in the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, in the case of J. H. Mayo vs. J. H. Mayo, docket No. 10,700, I will sell by public auction, to the highest bidder, the following: A certain lot of land in the District of Columbia, containing about 6.7 acres, more or less, being the same land conveyed to Edward J. Cussen by Frank Phillips.

THURSDAY, JULY 9, 1933.
A retail stock of Clothing, Shoes, and Furniture, consisting of Suits, Coats, Clothing, Tables, Counters, 1 Awning, 1 Mirror, 1 Desk and Shelving.
TERMS—Cash, or on credit, at 10% discount.
—HAROLD S. BLOOMBERG, HAMILTON ROGERS, Receivers.

By J. Thompson Brown & Co., 1113 Main Street.

COURT SALE TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER OF 67 Acres of Land, NEAR NEW CENTRAL OR DARBY TOWN ROAD, SIX MILES EAST OF RICHMOND.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, in the case of Mark Hardin vs. Edward J. and Kate J. Cussen, entered June 29, 1933, the undersigned special commissioner will sell by public auction